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Current Assets Exercises I

Larry M. Walther; Christopher J. Skousen



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Larry M. Walther & Christopher J. Skousen

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Current Assets Exercises I



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Problem 1

Andre Sampri Sporting Goods Store purchases sporing goods merchandise on account from various vendors. Below is an invoice from Tennis Wear World.

Tennis Wear World	
Tennis Clothing High Point, CO	
Bill to: Andre Sampri Sporting Goods Store Reno Way, #1234 Denver, CO	INVOICE # 1288

Delivery Date	Invoice Date	F.O.B. Point	Terms
May 15, 20X1	May 15, 20X1	Denver	2/10,n/30

QTY	Description	UNIT	PRICE	TOTAL
140	Super Dry Shirt sport collection	\$	75	\$ 10,500
25	Tennis Visor – head wear		10	\$ 250
15	Summer Fun collection		30	\$ 450
		TOTAI	_	\$ 11,200

a) Prepare Andre Sampri's journal entries for each of the following transactions, assuming use of a periodic inventory system and the "gross method" of recording:

To record the invoice on May 15.

To record the return of the Summer Fun collection on May 17.

To record the payment of the balance due if payment occurred on May 20.

To record the payment of the balance due if payment occurred on May 30.

b) Repeat requirement (a) assuming Andre Sampri' uses the periodic inventory system and the "net method" of recording.

Worksheet 1

a)

GENERAL JOURNAL			
Date	Accounts	Debit	Credit
May 15			
	Purchased merchandise on account,		
	terms 2/10,n/30		
May 17			
	Returned the Summer Fun collection		
May 20			
	Paid invoice, discount taken		
May 30			
	Paid invoice, discount missed		

b)

GENERAL JOURNAL				
Date	Accounts	Debit	Credit	
May 15				
	Purchased merchandise on account, terms 2/10,n/30			
May 17				
	Returned the Summer Fun collection			
May 20				
	Paid invoice, discount taken			
May 30				
	Paid invoice, discount missed			

Solution 1

a)

GENERAL JOURNAL				
Date	Accounts	Debit	Credit	
May 5	Purchases	11,200		
	Accounts Payable		11,200	
	Purchased merchandise on account, terms 1/10,n/30			
May 7	Accounts Payable	450		
	Purchases Returns & Allowances		450	
	Returned the Summer Fun collection			
May 10	Accounts Payable	10,750		
	Purchase Discounts		215	
	Cash		10,535	
	Paid invoice, discount taken ((\$11,200 - \$450) X 2% = \$215)			
May 20	Accounts Payable	10,750		
	Cash		10,750	
	Paid invoice, discount missed			

b)

GENERAL JOURNAL				
Date	Accounts	Debit	Credit	
May 5	Purchases	10,976		
	Accounts Payable		10,976	
	Purchased merchandise on account, terms 2/10,n/30 (\$11,200 - (\$11,200 X 2%) = \$10,976)			
May 7	Accounts Payable	441		
•	Purchases Returns & Allowances		441	
	Returned the Summer Fun collection (\$450 – (\$450 X 2%))			
NA 10	A	10.535		
May 10	Accounts Payable	10,535		
	Cash Paid invoice, discount taken (\$10,976 - \$491 = \$10,535)		10,535	
May 20	Accounts Payable	10,535		
	Purchase Discounts Lost	215		
	Cash		10,750	
	Paid invoice, discount missed			

Problem 2

Ciwick sells electronic equipment and other basic wiring components to electrical supply dealers across the country. Dealers with "preferred status" receive a 20% discount off of list price. All sales are on account, and payment terms are 1/10, n/30.

Sales of \$2,000 and up (large orders) will ship F.O.B. destination. Orders less than \$2,000 (small orders) are always F.O.B. shipping point. However, Ciwick will prepay freight on small orders by "preferred dealers." Otherwise, small orders are shipped freight collect by the common carrier making the delivery. In no event may a customer apply the cash discount terms to freight charges.

Prepare journal entries to record the sale and subsequent collection for each of the following transactions:

Transaction	Customer Status	List Price	Freight Cost	Date of Sale	Date of Payment
1	Preferred	\$ 3,000	\$ 250	05-Jun	11-Jun
2	Regular	600	60	09-Jun	22-Jun
3	Preferred	1,400	90	11-Jun	22-Jun
4	Regular	4,000	400	12-Jun	19-Jun
5	Regular	3,600	460	14-Jun	01-Jul
6	Preferred	4,800	360	17-Jun	29-Jun

Worksheet 2

GENERAL JOURNAL				
Date	Accounts	Debit	Credit	
05-Jun				
11-Jun				

2.

GENERAL JOURNAL				
Date	Accounts	Debit	Credit	
09-Jun				
22-Jun				

3.

GENERAL JOURNAL					
Date	Date Accounts Debit Cro				
11-Jun					
22-Jun					

GENERAL JOURNAL			
Date	Accounts	Debit	Credit
12-Jun			
19-Jun			

5.

GENERAL JOURNAL			
Date	Accounts	Debit	Credit
14-Jun			
01-Jul			

GENERAL JOURNAL				
Date	Accounts	Debit	Credit	
17-Jun				
29-Jun				

Solution 2

1.

GENERAL JOURNAL			
Date	Accounts	Debit	Credit
05-Jun	Accounts Receivable	2,400	
	Freight-out	250	
	Cash		250
	Sales		2,400
	Sold merchandise on account for \$2,400, terms F.O.B. destination, and paid the freight bill of \$250		
11-Jun	Cash	2,376	
	Sales Discounts	24	
	Accounts Receivable		2,400
	Collected invoice amount less 1% discount		

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2.

GENERAL JOURNAL					
Date	Accounts Debit Cr				
09-Jun	Accounts Receivable	600			
	Sales		600		
	Sold merchandise on account for \$600, terms F.O.B. shipping point				
22-Jun	Cash	600			
	Accounts Receivable		600		
	Collected invoice amount				

3.

GENERAL JOURNAL			
Date	Accounts	Debit	Credit
11-Jun	Accounts Receivable	1,210	
	Cash		90
	Sales		1,210
	Sold merchandise on account for \$1,210, terms F.O.B. shipping point, freight prepaid		
22-Jun	Cash	1,210	
	Accounts Receivable		1,210
	Collected invoice amount plus prepaid freight		

GENERAL JOURNAL				
Date	Accounts	Debit	Credit	
12-Jun	Accounts Receivable	4,000		
	Freight-out	400		
	Cash		400	
	Sales		4,000	
	Sold merchandise on account for \$4,000, terms F.O.B. destination, and paid the freight bill of \$400			
19-Jun	Cash	3,960		
	Sales Discounts	40		
	Accounts Receivable		4,000	
	Collected invoice amount less 1% discount			

5.

GENERAL JOURNAL			
Date	Accounts	Debit	Credit
14-Jun	Accounts Receivable	3,600	
	Freight-out	460	
	Cash		460
	Sales		3,600
	Sold merchandise on account for \$3,600, terms F.O.B. destination, and paid the freight bill of \$460		
01-Jul	Cash	3,600	
	Accounts Receivable		3,600
	Collected invoice amount		

GENERAL JOURNAL			
Date	Accounts	Debit	Credit
17-Jun	Accounts Receivable	3,840	
	Freight-out	360	
	Cash		360
	Sales		3,840
	Sold merchandise on account for \$1,920, terms F.O.B. destination, and paid the freight bill of \$180		
29-Jun	Cash	3,840	
	Accounts Receivable		3,840
	Collected invoice amount		

Problem 3

Hart Dairy produces a variety of specialty ice creams and buys ingredients from many suppliers. Each supplier seems to have unique policies about discounts and freight terms. Hart Dairy records all purchases "gross" and uses a periodic inventory system.

Hart recently hired a new bookkeeper and needs your help to develop a template of sample journal entries for different scenarios. For purposes of preparing the template, assume that the purchase is \$500 and freight is \$50.

Scenario	Cash Discount	Freight Terms	Discount Condition
1	2/10, n/30	F.O.B. Shipping point/freight prepaid	taken
2	2/10, n/30	F.O.B. Shipping point/freight prepaid	missed
3	2/10, n/30	F.O.B. Destination/freight prepaid	taken
4	2/10, n/30	F.O.B. Destination/freight prepaid	missed
5	2/10, n/30	F.O.B. Shipping point/freight collect	taken
6	2/10, n/30	F.O.B. Shipping point/freight collect	missed



The first scenario is done as an example on the preprinted worksheet. Select from the below accounts to record each journal entry

Cash
Purchases
Accounts Payable
Purchases Discounts
Freight-in

Worksheet 3

1.

GENERAL JOURNAL				
Date	Accounts	Debit	Credit	
purchase	Purchases	500		
	Freight-in	50		
	Accounts Payable		550	
	F.O.B. Shipping point/freight prepaid			
pay	Accounts Payable	550		
	Purchases Discounts		10	
	Cash		540	
	discount taken			

GENERAL JOURNAL			
Date	Accounts	Debit	Credit
purchase			
	F.O.B. Shipping point/freight prepaid		
pay			
	discount missed		

3.

GENERAL JOURNAL			
Date	Accounts	Debit	Credit
purchase			
	Accounts Payable		
	F.O.B. Destination/freight prepaid		
pay			
	discount taken		

4.

GENERAL JOURNAL			
Date	Accounts	Debit	Credit
purchase			
	F.O.B. Destination/freight prepaid		
pay			
	discount missed		

GENERAL JOURNAL			
Date	Accounts	Debit	Credit
purchase			
	F.O.B. Shipping point/freight collect		
pay			
	discount taken		

GENERAL JOURNAL			
Date	Accounts	Debit	Credit
purchase			
	F.O.B. Shipping point/freight collect		
pay			
	discount missed		



Solution 3

1.

GENERAL JOURNAL			
Date	Accounts	Debit	Credit
purchase	Purchases	500	
	Freight-in	50	
	Accounts Payable		550
	F.O.B. Shipping point/freight prepaid		
pay	Accounts Payable	550	
	Purchases Discounts		10
	Cash		540
	discount taken		

2.

GENERAL JOURNAL			
Date	Accounts	Debit	Credit
purchase	Purchases	500	
	Freight-in	50	
	Accounts Payable		550
	F.O.B. Shipping point/freight prepaid		
pay	Accounts Payable	550	
	Cash		550
	discount missed		

GENERAL JOURNAL			
Date	Accounts	Debit	Credit
purchase	Purchases	500	
	Accounts Payable		500
	F.O.B. Destination/freight prepaid		
pay	Accounts Payable	500	
	Purchases Discounts		10
	Cash		490
	discount taken		

4.

GENERAL JOURNAL			
Date	Accounts	Debit	Credit
purchase	Purchases	500	
	Accounts Payable		500
	F.O.B. Destination/freight prepaid		
pay	Accounts Payable	500	
	Cash		500
	discount missed		

5.

GENERAL JOURNAL			
Date	Accounts	Debit	Credit
purchase	Purchases	500	
	Freight-in	50	
	Cash		50
	Accounts Payable		500
	F.O.B. Shipping point/freight collect		
pay	Accounts Payable	500	
	Purchases Discounts		10
	Cash		490
	discount taken		

GENERAL JOURNAL			
Date	Accounts	Debit	Credit
purchase	Purchases	500	
	Freight-in	50	
	Cash		50
	Accounts Payable		500
	F.O.B. Shipping point/freight collect		
pay	Accounts Payable	500	
	Cash		500
	discount missed		

Problem 4

Partial information follows about net sales, net purchases, cost of goods sold, gross profit, total expenses, and net income for Jensen Company. Compute the missing values.

NET SALES

Sales	\$2,400,000
Sales discounts	60,000
Sales returns and allowances	?
Net sales	2,205,000

NET PURCHASES

Purchases	\$1,200,000
Freight-in	60,000
Purchases discounts	?
Purchases returns and allowances	7,500
Net purchases	1,240,500



COST OF GOODS SOLD

Beginning inventory \$256,200 Ending inventory 223,500 Cost of goods sold ?

GROSS PROFIT

Gross profit ?

TOTAL EXPENSES

Rent	\$108,000
Salaries	437,100
Utilities	36,900
Freight-out	?
Other	72,300
Total expenses	726,600

NET INCOME

Net income	?

Worksheet 4

Net s	ales		\$ 2,295,000
	Sales returns and allowances	45,000	105,000
Less:	Sales discounts	\$ 60,000	
Sales			\$ 2,400,000

Solution 4

Sales			\$	2,400,000
Less:	Sales discounts	60,000		
	Sales returns and allowances	45,000		105,000
Net sale	s		\$	2,295,000
Purchase	es		\$	1,200,000
Plus:	Freight-in			60,000
			\$	1,260,000
Less:	Purchase discounts	\$ 4,000		
	Purchase returns and allowances	 7,500		11,500
Net pur	chases		\$	1,248,500
Beginnir	ng inventory, Jan. 1		\$	256,200
Net pur	chases			1,248,500
Goods a	vailable for sale		\$	1,504,700
Less:	Ending inventory, Dec. 31			223,500
Cost of	goods sold		\$	1,281,200
Net sale:			\$	2,295,000
	goods sold			1,281,200
Gross p	rofit		\$	1,013,800
Rent			\$	108,000
Salaries			Ş	437,100
Utilities				36,900
Freight-	out			72,300
Other				72,300
Total ex	penses		\$	726,600
Gross pr	ofit		\$	1,013,800
Total exp	penses			726,600
Net inco	ome		\$	287,200

Problem 5

Blacksmith Hardware Company provides the following alphabetic list of accounts and their respective balances. All accounts have normal balances, and income statement account balances are for the year ending December 31, 20X5. A physical count of merchandise inventory on hand at year end revealed a balance of \$1,386,950. Use this information to prepare a comprehensive income statement.

Accounts payable	\$ 331,995
Accounts receivable	414,450
Accumulated depreciation	832,770
Beginning inventory, Jan. 1	1,224,780
Capital stock	720,000
Cash	127,210
Depreciation expense	329,950
Dividends	60,000
Equipment	1,622,780
Freight-in	217,205
Freight-out	17,830
Insurance expense	43,500
Marketing expense	559,955
Purchase discounts	8,940
Purchase returns & allowances	33,325
Purchases	2,167,215
Rent expense	211,675
Retained earnings, Jan. 1	121,635
Salaries expense	1,169,990
Salaries payable	49,775
Sales	4,889,660
Sales discounts	44,085
Sales returns and allowances	69,990
Utilities expense	94,435

Worksheet 5

BLACKSMITH HARDWARE COMPANY									
Income Statement									
For the Year Ending December 31, 20X5									

Solution 5

	BL	ACKSI	NITH HARD	WARE COMPANY	1		
			Income Sta	tement			
	For	the Ye	ar Ending D	ecember 31, 20	X5		
Revenues	•						
Sales							\$ 4,889,660
Less:	Sales discounts				\$	44,085	
	Sales returns and allowances					69,990	 114,075
Net sale	es						\$ 4,775,585
Cost of go	oods sold						
Beginni	ng inventory, Jan 1				\$	1,224,780	
Add	Purchases			\$ 2,167,215			
	Freight-in			217,205	_		
				\$ 2,384,420			
Less:	Purchase discounts	\$	8,940				
	Purchase returns & allowances		33,325	42,265			
Net pur	chases				•	2,342,155	
Goods	available for sale				\$	3,566,935	
Less:	Ending inventory, Dec. 31					1,386,950	
Cost of	goods sold						2,179,985
Gross pro	fit						\$ 2,595,600
Expenses							
Salaries					\$	1,169,990	
Marketi	ng					559,955	
Rent						211,675	
Insuran	ce					43,500	
Utilities						94,435	
Freight-	out					17,830	
Depreci	ation					329,950	2,427,335
Net incon	ne						\$ 168,265

Problem 6

Everything Electrical sales custom electrical fittings. Following is the corporation's income statement. Use this statement to prepare closing entries. No dividends were declared during the period.

	EVERYTHING ELECTRICAL INC.									
	Income Statement									
	For the Year Ending December 31, 20X4									
Revenue	S									
Sales							\$ 1,775,308			
Less:	Sales discounts				\$ 9,334					
	Sales returns and allowances				19,760		29,094			
Net sal	es					\$	1,746,214			
Cost of g	oods sold									
Beginn	ing inventory, Jan 1				\$ 364,686					
Add	Purchases			\$ 1,186,712						
	Freight-in			42,180						
				\$ 1,228,892						
Less:	Purchase discounts	\$	7,002							
	Purchase returns & allowances		38,018	45,020						
Net pu	rchases				1,183,872					
Goods	available for sale				\$ 1,548,558					
Less:	Ending inventory, Dec. 31				398,110					
Cost of	goods sold						1,150,448			
Gross pr	ofit					\$	595,766			
Expense	S									
Salarie	S				\$ 376,000					
Insurance					18,304					
Utilitie	S				15,520					
Freight	:-out				4,868					
Depred	ciation				27,546		442,238			
Net inco	me					\$	153,528			

Worksheet 6

GENERAL JOURNAL							
Date	Accounts	Debit	Credit				
Dec. 31							
Dec. 31							
Dec. 31							

Solution 6

GENERAL JOUR	NAL		
Date	Accounts	Debit	Credit
Dec. 31	Sales	1,775,308	
	Purchase Discounts	7,002	
	Purchase Returns and Allowances	38,018	
	Inventory	398,110	
	Income Summary		2,218,438
	To close income statement accounts with a credit balance, and establish ending inventory balance		
Dec. 31	Income Summary	2,064,910	
	Sales Discounts		9,334
	Sales Returns and Allowances		19,760
	Purchases		1,186,712
	Freight-in		42,180
	Salaries Expense		376,000
	Insurance Expense		18,304
	Utilities Expense		15,520
	Freight-out		4,868
	Depreciation Expense		27,546
	Inventory		364,686
	To close income statement accounts with a debit balance, and remove the beginning inventory balance		
Dec. 31	Income Summary	153,528	
	Retained Earnings		153,528
	To close Income Summary to retained earnings		

Problem 7

McEnroe Corporation and Edberg Corporation each sell tennis equipment. McEnroe Corporation's strategy is to focus on selling quality units at the best possible prices, while attempting to minimize selling, general, and administrative expenses (SG&A). Edberg Corporation has concluded that many customers will differentiate more on brand than quality, and is promoting its inferior goods with a significant marketing campaign.

Study each company's income statement below, and calculate the respective proportion of sales returns, the gross profit margin, and the net profit on sales. Both companies are subject to a 30% tax rate. Assuming no change in SG&A, which company would experience the biggest increase in profit from a 10% increase in net sales? Which company would experience the biggest decline in profit from a 10% decrease in net sales?



MCENROE CORPORATION							
Income State	Income Statement						
For the Year Ending De	cember 31, 20X6						
Net sales							
Gross sales	\$ 2,837,628						
Less: Sales return	56,754	\$ 2,780,874					
Cost of goods sold		2,128,221					
Gross profit		\$ 652,653					
Selling expenses	\$ 135,000						
General & administrative expenses	360,000	495,000					
Income before taxes		\$ 157,653					
Income tax expense (30%)		47,296					
Net income		\$ 110,357					

BORG CORPORATION				
Income Statement				
For the Year Ending Decemb	per 31, 20X6			
Net sales				
Gross sales	\$ 2,957,628			
Less: Sales return	176,754	\$ 2,780,874		
Cost of goods sold		1,251,393		
Gross profit		\$ 1.529,393		
Selling expenses	\$ 1,011,828			
General & administrative expenses	360,000	1,371,828		
Income before taxes		\$ 157,653		
Income tax expense (30%)		47,296		
Net income		\$ 110,357		

Worksheet 7

McEnroe Corporation

Sales returns rate

Gross profit margin

Net profit margin

Borg Corporation

Sales returns rate

Gross profit margin

Net profit margin

McEnroe	Borg
\$	\$
\$	\$
\$	\$
\$	\$
\$	\$
\$	\$
\$	\$
\$	\$
	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$

Solution 7

McEnroe Corporation		
Sales returns rate	(\$56,754 ÷ \$2,837,628)	2,00%
Gross profit margin	(\$652,653 ÷ \$2,780,874)	23,47%
Net profit margin	(\$110,357 ÷ \$2,780,874)	3,97%
Borg Corporation		
Sales returns rate	(\$176,754 ÷ \$2,957,628)	5,98%
Gross profit margin	(\$1,529,481 ÷ \$2,780,874)	55,00%
Net profit margin	(\$110,357 ÷ \$2,780,874)	3,97%

Intuitively, the company with the highest gross profit rate (Borg) would benefit more from an increase in sales (assuming SG&A is not changing). Conversely, Borg will suffer more from a decline in sales. Below is a comparison of effects:

	McEnroe	Borg
10% increase in net sales		
Net sales (\$2,780,874 × 110%)	\$ 3,058,961	\$ 3,058,961
Cost of goods sold	2,341,043	1,376,532
Gross profit (net sales \times gross profit margin)	\$ 717,918	\$ 1,682,429
SG&A	495,000	1,371,828
Income before taxes	\$ 222,918	\$ 310,601
Income tax expense (30%)	66,875	93,180
Net income	\$ 156,043	\$ 217,421
10% decrease in net sales		
Net sales (\$2,780,874 × 90%)	\$ 2,502,787	\$ 2,502,787
Cost of goods sold	1,915,399	1,126,254
Gross profit (net sales × gross profit margin)	\$ 587,388	\$ 1,376,533
SG&A	495,000	1,371,828
Income before taxes	\$ 92,388	\$ 4,705
Income tax expense (30%)	27,716	 1,411
Net income	\$ 64,671	\$ 3,293

Problem 8

Timeless Time Clock Shop reported the following merchandising-related transactions during April. Timeless Time Clock records all purchases "gross" and credit terms are precisely followed on both purchases and sales.

Prepare journal entries to record each transaction.

03-apr	Purchased \$2,000 of clocks on account from Tic Toc Time, F.O.B. destination, terms 1/10, n/30.
05-apr	Sold a \$750 clock to Harold Lee on account, terms 2/10, n/eom. The customer
	picked up the clock from the shop.
09-apr	Paid the amount due for the purchase of April 3.
11-apr	Purchased \$4,000 of clocks on account from Creighton Clockworks, F.O.B.
	shipping point, terms 2/10, n/30. Freight charges of \$230 were prepaid by
	Creighton and added to the invoice. No discount is permitted on the
	freight charges.
19-apr	Sold a \$1,750 clock on account, terms 2/10, n/eom. Timeless sold the clock
	F.O.B. destination, and paid the freight charges of \$165.
23-apr	The customer of April 19 called to report that the clock was received damaged.
	An agreement was reached to reduce the invoice by 20%.
27-apr	Paid Creighton Clockworks for the purchase of April 11.
27-apr	Harold Lee paid for the purchase of April 5.
28-apr	The customer of April 19 paid the balance due.

Worksheet 8

Date	Accounts	Debit	Credit
03-Apr			
	Purchased clocks on account, terms 1/10,n/30		
05-Apr			
	Sold clock on account, terms 2/10, n/eom		
09-Apr			
	Paid for the puchase of April 3, taking the 1% discount		
11-Apr			
	Received bill for cost of supplies		
19-Apr			
	Sold clock on account, 2/10, n/eom, F.O.B. destination		
23-Apr			
	Reduced balance due from customer on account of damage		

27-Apr		
	Paid the full amount due for the purchase of April 11	
27-Apr		
	Collected the amount due for the sale on April 5	
28-Apr		
	Collected remaining amount for April 19 sale, less 2% discount	



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Solution 8

GENERAL JOURNAL				
Date	Accounts	Debit	Credit	
03-Apr	Purchases	2,000		
	Accounts Payable		2,000	
	Purchased clocks on account, terms 1/10,n/30			
05-Apr	Accounts Receivable	750		
	Sales		750	
	Sold clock on account, terms 2/10, n/eom			
09-Apr	Accounts Payable	2,000		
	Purchases Discounts		20	
	Cash		1,980	
	Paid for the puchase of April 3, taking the 1% discount			
11-Apr	Purchases	4,000		
	Freight-in	230		
	Accounts Payable		4,230	
	Received bill for cost of supplies			
19-Apr	Accounts Receivable	1,750		
	Freight-out	165		
	Sales		1,750	
	Cash		165	
	Sold clock on account, 2/10, n/eom, F.O.B. destination			
23-Apr	Sales Returns and Allowances	350		
	Accounts Receivable		350	
	Reduced balance due from customer on account of damage			

27-Apr	Accounts Payable	4,230	
	Cash		4,230
	Paid the full amount due for the purchase of April 11		
27-Apr	Cash	750	
	Accounts Receivable		750
	Collected the amount due for the sale on April 5		
28-Apr	Cash	1,372	
	Sales Discounts	28	
	Accounts Receivable		1,400
	Collected remaining amount for April 19 sale, less 2% discount		



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