Accounting Cycle Exercises IV

Larry M. Walther; Christopher J. Skousen



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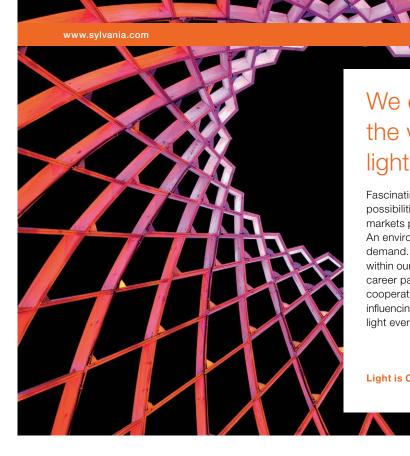
Accounting Cycle Exercises IV

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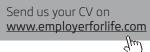


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Problem 1

Alberto Condor has an eye for quality. He recently formed an art gallery where he allows artists to display their artwork for sale. Customers buy the artwork through the gallery, but payments are actually made payable directly to the originating artist. Artists, in turn, pay Albert a 20% commission that is appropriately reflected as revenue of the gallery.

Following is Albert's trial balance after the first year of operation. This trial balance does not reflect the adjustments that are necessary, as described by the additional infomation.

ALBERT CONDOR ART GALLERY Trial Balance				
As of	Decem	ber 31, 20X8		
		Debits		Credits
Cash	\$	64,400	\$	-
Supplies		23,765		-
Display equipment		52,500		-
Loan Payable		-		26,250
Capital Stock		-		87,500
Revenues		-		170,065
Rent Expense		38,500		-
Salaries Expense		84,000		-
Interest Expense		1,750		-
Utilities Expense		18,900		-
	\$	283,815	\$	283,815

The Display equipment was purchased near the beginning of the year. It has a 5-year life and no salvage value. Its cost should be depreciated equally over its life.

Albert is entitled to receive \$62,650 of commissions for art sold. This revenue has not yet been recorded, but it is fully expected that the artists will soon be making payment.

Supplies on hand at year end were counted, and amount to \$11,900.

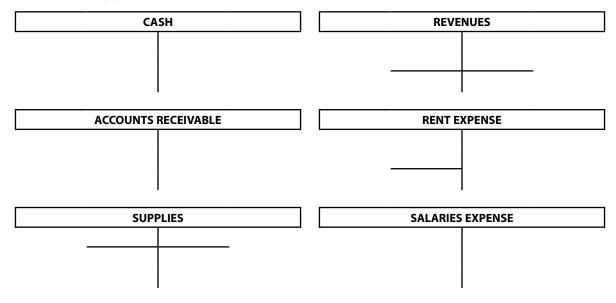
December's rent of \$3,500 has not yet been paid.

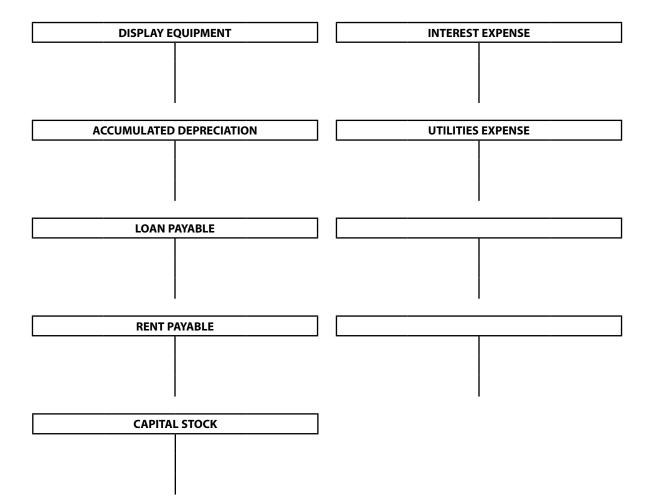
- a) Prepare the necessary adjusting enties as of December 31, 20X8.
- b) Use T-accounts to determine the adjusted balances of the accounts.
- c) Prepare the adjusted trial balance for Amber Nestor.

Worksheet 1 (a)

GENERAL JOURN	IAL		
Date	Accounts	Debit	Credit
Dec. 31			
Dec. 31			
Dec. 31			
Dec. 31			

Worksheet 1 (b)





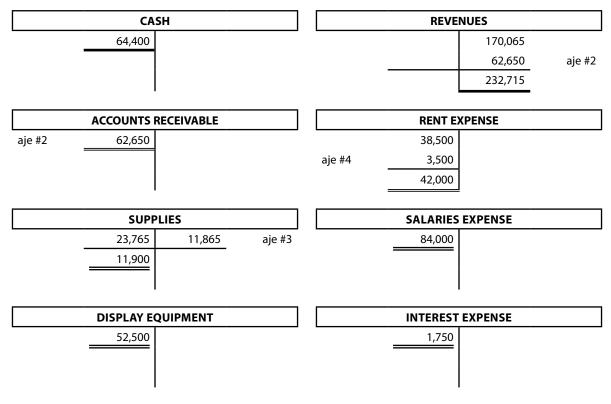
Worksheet 1 (c)

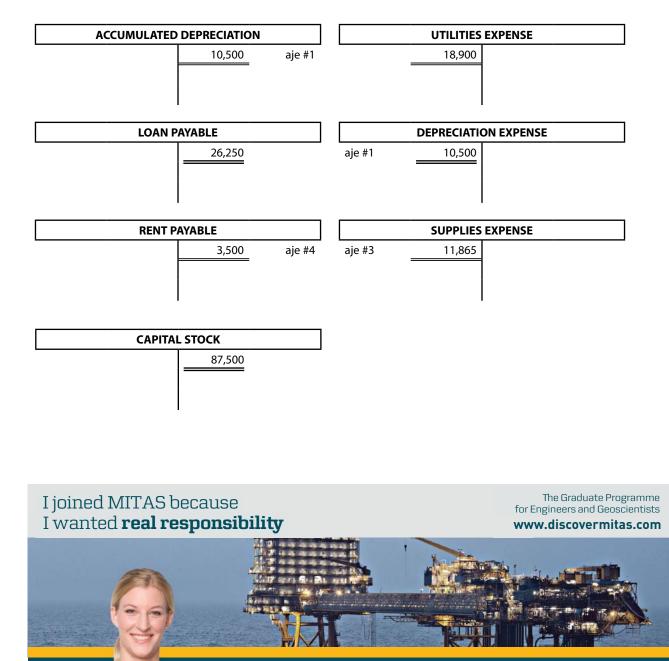
ALBERT CONDOR ART GALLERY Adjusted Trial Balance As of December 31, 20X8				
	De	bits	Credits	
Cash	\$	- \$	-	
Accounts Receivable		-	-	
Supplies		-	-	
Display equipment		-	-	
Accumulated deprec.		-	-	
Rent Payable		-	-	
Loan Payable		-	-	
Capital Stock		-	-	
Revenues		-	-	
Rent Expense		-	-	
Salaries Expense		-	-	
Interest Expense		-	-	
Utilities Expense		-	-	
	\$	- \$	-	

Solution 1 (a)

GENERAL JOURN	NAL		
Date	Accounts	Debit	Credit
Dec. 31	Depreciation Expense	10,500	
	Accumulated Depreciation		10,500
	To record annual depreciation		
Dec. 31	Accounts Receivable	62,650	
	Revenues		62,650
	To record earned revenues		
Dec. 31	Supplies Expense	11,865	
	Supplies		11,865
	To record supplies used		
Dec. 31	Rent Expense	3,500	
	Rent Payable		3,500
	To record rent due and payable		

Solution 1 (b)





I was a construction supervisor in the North Sea advising and helping foremen solve problems



International opportunities Three work placements

MAERSK



Solution 1 (c)

ALBERT CONDOR ART GALLERY				
Adjusted Trial Balance				
As c	of Decem	ber 31, 20X8		
	I	Debits		Credits
Cash	\$	64,400	\$	-
Accounts Receivable		62,650		-
Supplies		11,900		-
Display equipment		52,500		-
Accumulated deprec.		-		10,500
Rent Payable		-		3,500
Loan Payable		-		26,250
Capital Stock		-		87,500
Revenues		-		232,715
Rent Expense		42,000		-
Salaries Expense		84,000		-
Interest Expense		1,750		-
Utilities Expense		18,900		-
Depreciation Expense		10,500		-
Supplies Expense		11,865		-
	\$	360,465	\$	360,465

Problem 2

Wolfgang Schnitzer is in charge of financial management for Over-Head-Eye Corp. Over-Head-Eye utilizes satellite technology and sophisticated mapping software to alert its customers to trespassing, illegal dumping, and other encroachments on property these customers own around the globe. Customers typically purchase one-year contracts for this service, and the pricing depends on the number and size of sites monitored.

Mr. Schnitzer desires to review financial reports – an income statement, statement of retained earnings, and balance sheet. Prepare these reports from the following adjusted trial balance. Mr. Schnitzer needs this information for internal review purposes, and does not require a classified balance sheet. The operating data relate to the full year, and the blank worksheet already includes partial data.

OVER-HEAD-EYE CORPORATIOn					
Adjusted Trial Balance					
As of December 31, 20X0					
	Debits	Credits			
Cash	\$ 2,502,663	\$-			
Accounts Receivable	1,037,727	-			
Prepaid Expenses	137,361	-			
Supplies	199,995	-			
Satellite equipment	9,027,000	-			
Accumulated deprec.	-	3,666,597			
Accounts Payable	-	1,632,570			
Unearned Revenues	-	1,365,000			
Loan Payable	-	3,000,000			
Capital Stock	-	1,680,000			
Retained earnings, Jan. 1	-	686,676			
Dividends	150,000	-			
Revenues	-	7,120,206			
Selling Expenses	1,429,335	-			
Interest Expense	240,000	-			
Salaries Expenses	2,033,001	-			
Maintenance and supplies expense	668,967	-			
Depreciation expense	1,725,000	-			
	\$ 19,151,049	\$ 19,151,049			

Worksheet 2

OVER-HEAD-EYE CORPORATION				
Income Statemen	nt			
Revenues				
Services to customers			\$	-
Expenses				
	\$	-		
		-		
		-		
		-		
		-		-
Net income			\$	-



OVER-HEAD-EYE CORPORATION	
Statement of Retained Earnings	
Beginning retained earnings	\$ -
Plus: Net income	-
	\$ -
	-
	\$ -

OVER-HEAD-EYE CORPORATION				
Balance She	et			
Assets				
			\$	-
				-
				-
				-
Satellite equipment	\$	-		
Less: Accumulated depreciation		-		-
Total assets			\$	-
Liabilities				
	\$	-		
		-		
		-		
Total liabilities			\$	-
Stockholders' equity			·	
	\$	_		
	,	_		
Total stockholders' equity				-
Total liabilities and equity			\$	-
. ,				

Solution 2

OVER-HEAD-EYE CORPORATION					
	For the Year Ending Decem	oer 31, 2	0X0		
Revenues					
Services to customers				\$	7,120,206
Expenses	Expenses				
Selling		\$	1,429,335		
Interest			240,000		
Salaries			2,033,001		
Maintenance and supplies	Maintenance and supplies 668,967				
Depreciation			1,725,000		6,096,303
Net income				\$	1,023,903



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Statement of Retained Earnings					
\$	686,676				
	1,023,903				
\$	1,710,579				
	150,000				
\$	1,560,579				

OVER-HEAD-EYE CORPORATION						
Balance Sheet						
	December 31, 2	20X0				
Assets						
Cash				\$	2,502,663	
Accounts receivable					1,037,727	
Prepaid expenses					137,361	
Supplies					199,995	
Satellite equipment		\$	9,027,000			
Less: Accumulated depreciation			(3,666,597)		5,360,403	
Total assets				\$	9,238,149	
Liabilities						
Accounts payable		\$	1,632,570			
Unearned revenues			1,365,000			
Loan payable			3,000,000			
Total liabilities				\$	5,997,570	
Stockholders' equity						
Capital stock		\$	1,680,000			
Retained earnings			1,560,579			
Total stockholders' equity					3,240,579	
Total liabilities and equity				\$	9,238,149	

Problem 3

Beaver Lodge prepared the following adjusted trial balance on December 31, 20X7. The company has completed preparation of financial statements and is now ready to prepare closing entries.

	BEAVER	LODGE	
A	djusted Tr	ial Balance	
As	of Decem	ber 31, 20X7	
		Debits	Credits
Cash	\$	80,100	\$ -
Accounts Receivable		53,325	-
Supplies		16,875	-
Equipment		732,825	-
Accumulated deprec.		-	90,900
Accounts Payable		-	78,300
Loan Payable		-	225,000
Capital Stock		-	180,000
Retained earnings		-	157,500
Dividends		45,000	-
Revenues		-	1,076,400
Rent Expense		270,000	-
Salaries Expense		530,100	-
Supplies Expenses		40,500	-
Interest Expenses		16,650	-
Depreciation expense		22,725	 -
	\$	1,808,100	\$ 1,808,100

a) Prepare the necessary closing entries.

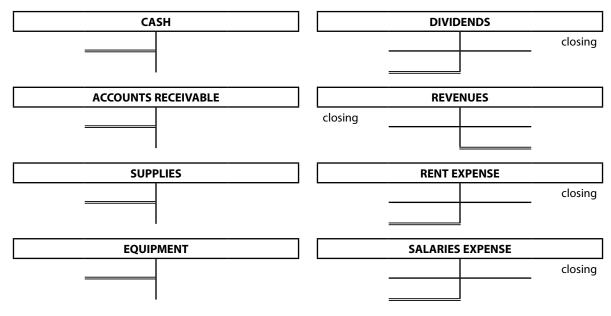
b) Use T-accounts to determine the post-closing balances of the accounts.

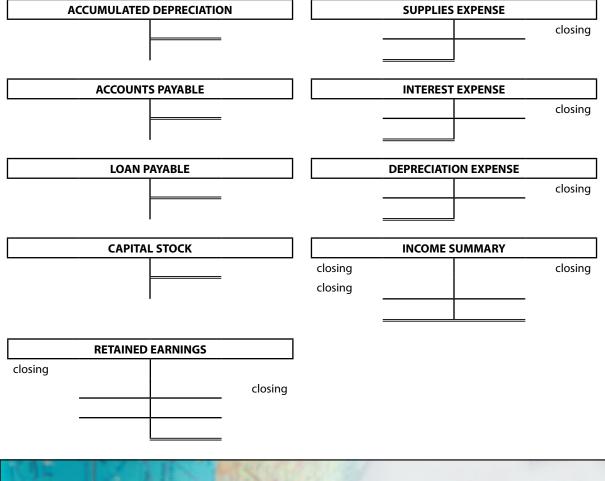
c) Prepare the post-closing trial balance.

Worksheet 3 (a)

GENERAL JOURNAL						
Date	Accounts	Debit	Credit			
Dec. 31						
	To close the revenue account to					
	Income Summary					
Dec. 31						
	To close the expense accounts to					
	Income Summary					
Dec. 31						
	To also a la source Communication					
	To close Income Summary to retained earnings					
Dec. 31						
	To close dividends					

Worksheet 3 (b)







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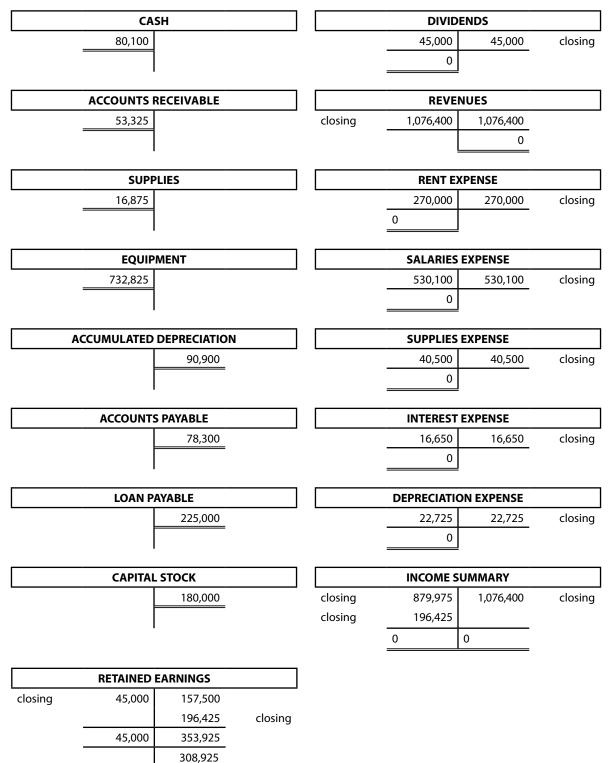
Worksheet 3 (c)

BEAVER LODGE Post-Closing Trial Balance As of December 31, 20X7								
	Debits		Credits					
	\$	-	\$	-				
		-		-				
		-		-				
		-		-				
		-		-				
		-		-				
		-		-				
		-		-				
		-		-				
	\$	-	\$	-				

Solution 3 (a)

GENERAL JOU	RNAL		
Date	Accounts	Debit	Credit
Dec. 31	Revenues	1,076,400	
	Income Summary		1,076,400
	To close the revenue account to Income Summary		
Dec. 31	Income Summary	879,975	
	Rent Expense		270,000
	Salaries Expense		530,100
	Supplies Expense		40,500
	Interest Expense		16,650
	Depreciation Expense		22,725
	To close the expense accounts to Income Summary		
Dec. 31	Income Summary	196,425	
	Retained Earnings		196,425
	To close Income Summary to retained earnings		
Dec. 31	Retained Earnings	45,000	
	Dividends		45,000
	To close dividends		

Solution 3 (b)



Solution 3 (c)

BEAVER LODGE Post-Closing Trial Balance As of December 31, 20X7							
		Debits		Credits			
Cash	\$	80,100	\$	-			
Accounts receivable	\$	53,325		-			
Supplies	\$	16,875		-			
Equipment	\$	732,825		-			
Accumulated depreciation		-		90,000			
Accounts payable		-		78,300			
Loan payable		-		225,000			
Capital stock		-		180,000			
Retained earnings		-		308,925			
	\$	883,125	\$	883,125			



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Problem 4

Elements is an upscale university housing complex providing all the amenities of private townhouse living, and a full service 24-hour cafeteria for busy students. Prior to recording any adjusting entries for 20X8, Elements has incurred and recorded total salary expense of \$2,625,000 and total rental revenue of \$14,400,000.

As of December 31, 20X8, the company owes \$45,000 of additional salaries to employees, and accrued rent due from residents amounts to \$300,000.

On January 10, 20X9, Traditions paid salaries of \$120,000 covering the amount due as of December 31, as well as additional amounts relating to 20X9.

On January 15, 20X9, Traditions received rental payments for \$750,0000 covering the rents due as due of December 31, 20X8, and additional amounts relating to the first half of January, 20X9.

- a) Prepare the necessary year-end adjusting entries for salaries and rent.
- b) Determine the total salaries expense and total rent revenue for 20X4.
- c) Assuming the company uses reversing entries, prepare necessary reversals for early 20X5.
- d) Assuming the company used reversing entries, prepare entries for January 10 and 15, 20X5.
- e) Assuming the company does **not** use reversing entries, prepare entries for January 10 and 15, 20X5.
- f) Show how 20X5 salaries expense and rent revenue will be the same, whether reversing entries are used or not.

Worksheet 4

ERAL JOURNAL			
Date	Accounts	Debit	Credit
Dec. 31			
Dec. 31			
Jan. 1			
Jan. 1			
Jan. 10			
Jan. 15			
Jan. 10			

Jan. 15		



f)



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Solution 4

	GENERAL JOURN			
	Date	Accounts	Debit	Credit
)	Dec. 31	Salaries Expense	45,000	
		Salaries Payable		45,000
		To record accrued salaries		
	Dec. 31	Rent Receivable	300,000	
		Rent Revenues		300,000
		To record accrued rent revenue		,
)		e \$2,580,000 (\$2,625,000 + \$45,000) ue is \$14,100,000 (\$14,400,000 + \$300,000))	
)	Jan. 1	Salaries Payable	45,000	
		Salaries Expense		45,000
		To reverse accrued salaries		
-	Jan. 1	Rent Revenues	300,000	
		Rent Receivable		300,000
		To reverse accrued rent revenue		
)	Jan. 10	Salaries Expense	120,000	
		Cash		120,000
		To record payment of salaries		
	Jan. 15	Cash	750,000	
		Rent Revenues		750,000
		To record collection of rent		
)	Jan. 10	Salaries Expense	75,000	
		Salaries Payable	45,000	
		Cash		120,000
I				

Jan. 15	Cash	750,000	
	Rent Receivable		300,000
	Rent Revenues		450,000
	To record collection of rent		

f)

Salaries expense without reversing entries of \$75,000 (see entry (e)) equals the results from (c) and (d) with reversing entries (\$120,000 – \$45,000).

Rent revenues without reversing entries of \$450,000 (see entry (e)) equals the results from (c) and (d) with reversing entries (\$750,000 – \$300,000).



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Problem 5

Dingane Ndubizu owns a diamond mining business in South Africa. He is interested in attracting additional investors to obtain financing for planned expansion. Some potential investors have expressed a concern that money is really being sought to address liquidity problems being faced by Dingane's company.

To alleviate this concern Dingane provided the following complete list of assets and liabilities of the company. The currency unit is the South African Rand. Use this information to determine the company's current assets, current liabilities, working capital, current ratio, and quick ratio. Based on your calculations, does it appear that the company is experiencing liquidity problems?

Accumulated Depreciation	R 7,995,750
Prepaid Rent	80,150
Note Payable (due in 3 months)	175,000
Accounts Receivable	819,000
Accounts Payable	446,250
Patent	5,250,000
Cash	1,382,500
Supplies	235,900
Unearned Revenues	232,750
Equipment	15,360,800
Interest Payable	78,750
Loan Payable (due in 3 years)	2,625,000

Worksheet 5

		Current Assets	Quick Assets	Current Liabilities
Accumulated Depreciation	R 7,995,750			
Prepaid Rent	80,150			
Note Payable (due in 3 months)	175,000			
Accounts Receivable	819,000			
Accounts Payable	446,250			
Patent	5,250,000			
Cash	1,382,500			
Supplies	235,900			
Unearned Revenues	232,750			
Equipment	15,360,800			
Interest Payable	78,750			
Loan Payable (due in 3 years)	2,625,000			



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Working Capital:

Current Ratio:

Quick Ratio:

Solution 5

		Current Assets	Quick Assets	Current Liabilities
Accumulated Depreciation	R 7,995,750			
Prepaid Rent	80,150	R 80,150		
Note Payable (due in 3 months)	175,000			R 175,000
Accounts Receivable	819,000	819,000	R 819,000	
Accounts Payable	446,250			446,250
Patent	5,250,000			
Cash	1,382,500	1,382,500	1,382,500	
Supplies	235,900	235,900		
Unearned Revenues	232,750			232,750
Equipment	15,360,800			
Interest Payable	78,750			78,750
Loan Payable (due in 3 years)	2,625,000			
		R 2,517,550	R 2,201,500	R 932,750

Working Capital:

Current assets	R 2,517,550
Less: Current liabilities	932,750
	R 1,584,800

Current Ratio:

Current assets ÷ Current liabilities	R 2,517,550 ÷ R 932,750 = 2.70
--------------------------------------	--------------------------------

Quick Ratio:

The ratios do not seem to indicate a liquidity problem. Current assets are almost $3 \times$ current liabilities, and a large portion of those assets are in highly liquid items such as cash and receivables.

Problem 6

McComick Corporation prepared the following preliminary trial balance. The trial balance and other information was evaluated by Darren Anderson, CPA. Darren has returned a list of proposed adjustments that are necessary to facilitate preparation of correct financial statements for the year ending December 31, 20X8.

MCCORMICK CORPORATION						
Trial Balance						
As of December 31, 20X8						
		Credits				
Cash	\$ 91,620	\$	-			
Accounts Receivable	135,000		-			
Supplies	21,000		-			
Equipment	733,500		-			
Accumulated Deprec.	-		139,500			
Accounts Payable	-		38,100			
Unearned Revenue	-		93,750			
Notes Payable	-		240,000			
Capital Stock	-		300,000			
Retained Earnings, Jan. 1	-		189,600			
Dividends	36,000		-			
Revenues	-		869,400			
Wages Expense	643,800		-			
Utilities Expenses	26,100		-			
Selling Expenses	124,830		-			
Depreciation Expenses	36,000		-			
Interest expense	22,500		-			
	\$ 1,870,350	\$	1,870,350			

Worksheet 6 (a)

GENERAL JOURNAL			
Date	Accounts	Debit	Credit

Worksheet 6 (b)

McCORMICK CORPORATION Worksheet for Adjusted Trial Balance							
	December 31, 20X8						
	Debits	Debits	Debits	Debits	Debits	Debits	
Cash	\$ 91,620	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Accounts Receivable	135,000	-	-	-	-	-	
Supplies	21,000	-	-	-	-	-	
Equipment	733,500	-	-	-	-	-	
Accumulated Deprec.	-	139,500	-	-	-	-	
Accounts Payable	-	38,100	-	-	-	-	
Utilities Payable	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Wages Payable	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Unearned Revenue	-	93,750	-	-	-	-	
Notes Payable	-	240,000	-	-	-	-	
Capital Stock	-	300,000	-	-	-	-	
Retained Earnings, Jan. 1	-	189,600	-	-	-	-	
Dividends	36,000	-	-	-	-	-	
Revenues	-	869,400	-	-	-	-	
Wages Expense	643,800	-	-	-	-	-	
Utilities Expense	26,100	-	-	-	-	-	
Selling Expenses	124,830	-	-	-	-	-	
Depreciation Expenses	36,000	-	-	-	-	-	
Supplies Expenses	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Interest expense	22,500	-	-		-	-	
	<u>\$1,870,350</u>	<u>\$1,870,350</u>	<u>\$ </u>	\$	\$	<u>\$</u>	



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Worksheet 6 (c)

	Statement			
For the Year Endir	ig December 3	1, 20X8		
Revenues				
Services to customers			\$	-
Expenses				
Wages	\$	-		
Utilities		-		
Selling		-		
Depreciation		-		
Supplies		-		
Interest		-		-
Net income			\$	-

McCORMICK CORPORATION Statement of Retained Earnings For the Year Ending December 31, 20X8		
Beginning retained earnings	\$	-
Plus: Net income		
	\$	-
Less: Dividends	-	
Ending retained earnings	\$	-

McCORMICK CORPORATION					
Balance Sheet	Balance Sheet				
December 31, 20X8					
Assets					
Current assets					
Cash	\$	-			
Accounts receivable		-			
Supplies		-	\$-		
Property, plant & equipment					
Equipment	\$	-			
Less: Accumulated depreciation		-	-		
Total assets			\$ -		
Liabilities					
Current liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$	-			
Utilities payable		-			
Wages payable		-			
Unearned revenue		-	\$-		
Long-term liabilities					
Notes payable			-		
Total liabilities			\$ -		
Stockholders' equity					
Capital stock	\$	-			
Retained earnings		-			
Total stockholders' equity			-		
Total liabilities and equity			\$ -		

d)

Solution 6 (a)

GENERAL JOURN	NAL		
Date	Accounts	Debit	Credit
Dec. 31	Unearned Revenue	37,500	
	Revenues		37,500
	To adjust Unearned Revenue for portion earned (\$93,750 X 40%)		
Dec. 31	Supplies Expense	12,000	
	Supplies		12,000
	To record supplies used (\$21,000 - \$9,000 = \$12,000)		
Dec. 31	Utilities Expense	4,500	
	Utlities Payable		4,500
	To record accrued utilities		
Dec. 31	Wages Expense	11,700	
	Wages Payable		11,700
	To record accrued wages		
Dec. 31	Depreciation Expense	9,300	
	Accumulated Depreciation		9,300
	To record depreciation expense		

Solution 6 (b)

McCORMICK CORPORATION Worksheet for Adjusted Trial Balance						
		Decemb	er 31, 20X8			
	Debits	Debits	Debits	Debits	Debits	Debits
Cash	\$ 91,620	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 91,620	\$ -
Accounts Receivable	135,000	-	-	-	135,000	-
Supplies	21,000	-	-	36,000	(15,000)	-
Equipment	733,500	-	-	-	733,500	-
Accumulated Deprec.	-	139,500	-	27,900	-	167,400
Accounts Payable	-	38,100	-	-	-	38,100
Utilities Payable	-	-	-	13,500	-	13,500
Wages Payable	-	-	-	35,100	-	35,100
Unearned Revenue	-	93,750	112,500	-	-	(18,750)
Notes Payable	-	240,000	-	-	-	240,000
Capital Stock	-	300,000	-	-	-	300,000
Retained Earnings, Jan. 1	-	189,600	-	-	-	189,600
Dividends	36,000	-	-	-	36,000	-
Revenues	-	869,400	-	112,500	-	981,900
Wages Expense	643,800	-	35,100	-	678,900	-
Utilities Expense	26,100	-	13,500	-	39,600	-
Selling Expenses	124,830	-	-	-	124,830	-
Depreciation Expenses	36,000	-	27,900	-	63,900	-
Supplies Expenses	-	-	36,000	-	36,000	-
Interest expense	22,500	-	-	-	22,500	-
	\$1,870,350	\$1,870,350	\$ 225,000	\$ 225,000	\$1,946,850	\$1,946,850

Solution 6 (c)

McCORMICK CORPORATION					
	Income Statemen	t			
	For the Year Ending Decemb	er 31,	20X8		
Revenues					
Services to customers				\$	981,900
Expenses					
Wages		\$	678,900		
Utilities			39,600		
Selling			124,830		
Depreciation			63,900		
Supplies			36,000		
Interest			22,500		965,730
Net income				\$	16,170

McCORMICK CORPORATION	
Statement of Retained Earnings	
For the Year Ending December 31, 20X8	
Beginning retained earnings	\$ 189,600
Plus: Net income	16,170
	\$ 205,770
Less: Dividends	36,000
Ending retained earnings	\$ 169,770



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McCORMICK CORPORATION						
Balance Sheet						
December 31, 20X8						
Assets						
Current assets						
Cash	\$	91,620				
Accounts receivable		135,000				
Supplies		(15,000)	\$	211,620		
Property, plant & equipment						
Equipment	\$	733,500				
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(167,400)		566,100		
Total assets			\$	777,720		
Liabilities						
Current liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	38,100				
Utilities payable		13,500				
Wages payable		35,100				
Unearned revenue		(18,750)	\$	67,950		
Long-term liabilities						
Notes payable				240,000		
Total liabilities			\$	307,950		
Stockholders' equity						
Capital stock	\$	300,000				
Retained earnings		169,770				
Total stockholders' equity				469,770		
Total liabilities and equity			\$	777,720		

d) It is true that the adjustments produce no change in net income. The increase in revenues of \$37,500 is exactly offset by the increase in expenses (\$12,000 + \$4,500 + \$11,700 + \$9,300 = \$37,500). However, the individual accounts would not be correct if the adjustments were not made. It is important that all information be correct, and the adjustments should be recorded.

Problem 7

Examine the following trial balances, before and after adjustment:

YORKSHIRE CONSULTING CORPORATION							
				nd Adjusted Trial		e	
		A	s of D	ecember 31, 20X9	•		
		Dahita		Debits		Dahita	Debits
Cash		Debits		Debits		Debits	 Debits
Cash	\$	667,560	\$	-	\$	667,560	\$ -
Accounts Receivable		350,616		-		430,616	-
Supplies		35,968		-		18,000	-
Prepaid Rent		24,000		-		8,000	-
Equipment		582,800		-		582,800	-
Accumulated Deprec.		-		150,640		-	178,640
Accounts Payable		-		54,360		-	54,360
Wages Payable		-		-		-	18,000
Interest Payable		-		-		-	6,000
Unearned Revenue		-		72,000		-	48,000
Notes Payable		-		200,000		-	200,000
Capital Stock		-		900,000		-	900,000
Retained Earnings, Jan. 1		-		356,476		-	356,476
Dividends		160,000		-		160,000	-
Revenues		-		1,337,960		-	1,441,960
Wages Expense		1,104,492		-		1,122,492	-
Rent Expenses		132,000		-		148,000	-
Depreciation Expenses		-		-		28,000	-
Supplies Expenses		-		-		17,968	-
Interest expense		14,000		-		20,000	-
	\$	3,071,436	\$	3,071,436	\$	3,203,436	\$ 3,203,436

a) Determine and record the apparent adjusting entries in journal entry format.

b) Prepare an income statement for the year ending December 31, 20X9.

c) Prepare a statement of retained earnings for the year ending December 31, 20X9.

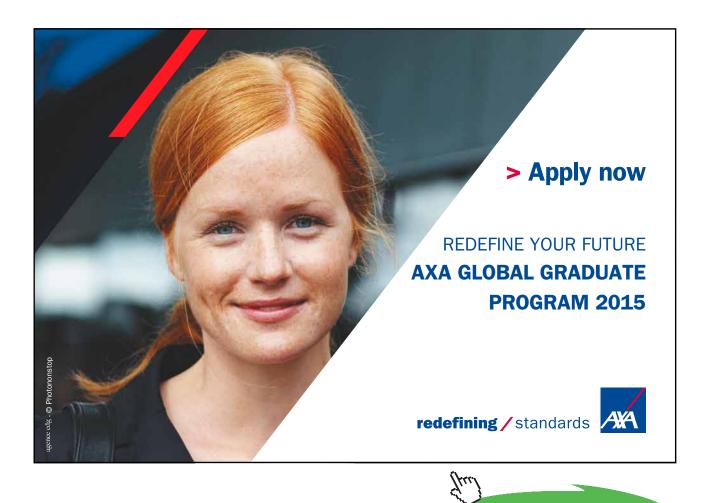
d) Prepare a classified balance sheet as of December 31, 20X9.

Worksheet 7 (a)

	GENERAL JOURNAL						
Date	Accounts	Debit	Credit				

Worksheet 7 (b)

YORKSHIRE CONSULTING CORPORATION Income Statement For the Year Ending December 31, 20X9					
Revenues					
Services to customers				\$	-
Expenses					
Wages		\$	-		
Rent			-		
Depreciation			-		
Supplies			-		
Interest			-		-
Net income				\$	-



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YORKSHIRE CONSULTING CORPORATION	
Statement of Retained Earnings	
For the Year Ending December 31, 20X9	
Beginning retained earnings	\$-
Plus: Net income	-
	\$ -
Less: Dividends	-
Ending retained earnings	\$

YORKSHIRE CONSULTING CORPORATION Balance Sheet December 31, 20X9				
Assets	<u> </u>			
Current assets				
Cash		\$ -		
Accounts receivable		-		
Supplies		-		
Prepaid rent		-	\$-	
Property, plant & equipment			-	
Equipment		\$ -		
Less: Accumulated depreciation		-	-	
Total assets			\$	
Liabilities				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable		\$ -		
Wages payable		-		
Interest payable		-		
Unearned revenue		-	\$-	
Long-term liabilities			-	
Notes payable			-	
Total liabilities			\$ -	
Stockholders' equity				
Capital stock		\$ -		
Retained earnings		-		
Total stockholders' equity			-	
Total liabilities and equity			\$-	

Solution 7 (a)

GENERAL JOU	RNAL		
Date	Accounts	Debit	Credit
Dec. 31	Accounts Receivable	80,000	
	Revenues		80,000
	To record earned revenues and related receivable		
Dec. 31	Supplies Expense	17,968	
	Supplies		17,968
	To record supplies used (\$35,968 – \$18,000 = \$17,968)		
Dec. 31	Rent Expense	16,000	
	Prepaid Rent		16,000
	To record expired rent		
Dec. 31	Depreciation Expense	28,000	
	Accumulated Depreciation		28,000
	To record depreciation expense		
Dec. 31	Wages Expense	18,000	
	Wages Payable		18,000
	To record accrued wages		
Dec. 31	Interest Expense	6,000	
	Interest Payable		6,000
	To record accrued interest		
Dec. 31	Unearned Revenue	24,000	
	Revenues		24,000
	To record earned portion of customer prepayment (\$72,000 – \$48,000 = \$24,000)		

Solution 7 (b)

YOR	YORKSHIRE CONSULTING CORPORATION				
	Income Statement				
Foi	r the Year Ending December 31, 20X9				
Revenues					
Services to customers		\$ 1,441,960			
Expenses					
Wages	\$ 1,122,492				
Rent	148,000				
Depreciation	28,000				
Supplies	17,968				
Interest	20,000	1,336,460			
Net income		\$ 105,500			

YORKSHIRE CONSULTING CORPORATION			
Statement of Retained Earnings			
For the Year Ending December 31, 20X9			
Beginning retained earnings	\$ 356,476		
Plus: Net income	105,500		
	\$ 461,976		
Less: Dividends	160,000		
Ending retained earnings	\$ 301,976		

YORKSHIRE CONSULTING CC	YORKSHIRE CONSULTING CORPORATION				
Balance Sheet					
December 31, 20X9					
Assets					
Current assets					
Cash	\$ 667,560				
Accounts receivable	430,616				
Supplies	18,000				
Prepaid rent	8,000	\$ 1,124,176			
Property, plant & equipment					
Equipment	\$ 582,800				
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(178,640)	404,160			
Total assets		\$ 1,528,336			
Liabilities					
Current liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$ 54,360				
Wages payable	18,000				
Interest payable	6,000				
Unearned revenue	48,000	\$ 126,360			
Long-term liabilities					
Notes payable		200,000			
Total liabilities		\$ 326,360			
Stockholders' equity					
Capital stock	\$ 900,000				
Retained earnings	301,976				
Total stockholders' equity		1,201,976			
Total liabilities and equity		\$ 1,528,336			

Problem 8

Use this randomly arranged data to prepare a classified balance sheet for Wylfa Corporation as of December 31, 20X8. Some of the accounts do not belong in the balance sheet, and 20% of the loan payable matures each June 30.

Capital Stock	\$2,265,000
Patent	825,000
Accumulated depreciation (equipment)	(1,432,962)
Building	5,972,328
Land held for speculation	468,294
Dividends	150,000
Cash	547,035
Retained earnings	1,940,976
Accounts receivable	170,298
Accounts payable	234,033
Income tax expense	370,002
Prepaid insurance	11,649
Accumulated depreciation (building)	(2,966,331)



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Loan payable	3,000,000
Equipment	2,663,655
Land	836,370
Interest payable	93,351
Inventories	363,024
Cash value of life insurance	75,000

Worksheet 8

WYLFA CORPORATION				
Balance Sheet				
	December 31, 20X8			
Assets				
Liabilities				

Solution 8

	Wylfa CORPORATION					
Balance Sheet						
December 31, 20X8						
Assets						
Current assets						
Cash		\$ 547,035				
Accounts receivable		170,298				
Inventories		363,024				
Prepaid insurance	_	11,649	\$ 1,092,006			
Long-term Investments						
Cash value of life insurance		\$ 75,000				
Land held for speculation	_	468,294	543,294			
Property, plant & equipment						
Land		\$ 836,370				
Building	\$ 5,972,328					
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(2,966,331)	3,005,997				
Equipment	\$ 2,663,655					
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(1,432,962)	1,230,693	5,073,060			
Intangible assets						
Patent			825,000			
Total assets			\$ 7,533,360			
Liabilities						
Current liabilities						
Accounts payable		\$ 234,033				
Interest payable		93,351				
Current portion of loan payable		600,000	\$ 927,384			
Long-term liabilities	-					
Loan payable			2,400,000			
Total liabilities			\$ 3,327,384			
Stockholders' equity						
Capital stock		\$ 2,265,000				
Retained earnings		1,940,976				
Total stockholders' equity	-		4,205,976			
Total liabilities and equity			\$7,533,360			